

## SUPPORT TIMELINE

1995 Shollenberger Park opened to the public by City of Petaluma  
1995–2012 1,000's of volunteer hours dedicated to restore the wetlands and educate school children about park habitat and wildlife  
1995–2006 4 million taxpayer dollars invested in expanding, restoring, protecting, and providing public access to the Petaluma Wetlands.  
2003 August: Dutra acquires 3 parcels (NOT zoned for industrial) across the Petaluma River and 150 feet away from Shollenberger Park, the most popular park in Petaluma and a wetlands wildlife refuge.

2006–2012 Six years of community opposition—a coalition of non-profits and individuals run an informational campaign.

2008 December: Final vote on Dutra project postponed when Richard Drury, (attorney hired by the Coalition) sends 200-page challenge to FEIR of Dutra Project to Supervisors.

2009 Community groups *Friends of Shollenberger* and *Moms for Clean Air*, are formed to support Shollenberger Park, the health of the community and to stop Dutra.

2009 January: 3,000 petitions signed opposing Dutra asphalt factory are delivered to the Sonoma County Board of Supervisors

2009 January: Petaluma City Council opposes Dutra project unanimously, and sends a letter to the Board of Supervisors.

2010 Project approval requires Dutra to use neighbor Shamrock's dock to offload aggregate and build a 815 foot conveyor belt over Shamrock's mitigation wetlands.  
2010 March: Shamrock writes letter to County stating unwillingness to service and cooperate with Dutra.

2010 December: the Sonoma County Board of Supervisors votes 3–2 to change the zoning to industrial, certify the FEIR (Final Environmental Impact Report), and approve the project.

2011 January: Coalition of plaintiffs and City of Petaluma file lawsuit to challenge Dutra approval

2011 December: Judge Chouteau finds in favor of Dutra and denies all nine of the Coalition's claims.

2012 January: Hundreds rally at Shollenberger Park against Dutra project.

2012 February: Coalition of non-profits, citizens and City of Petaluma file appeal in State Court to challenge Judge Chouteau's ruling.

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